	Autumn Term	Spring Term	
Year 1	What is the Geography of where I live? This investigation focuses on the immediate vicinity of the school and the pupils' homes and then extends to encompass the local area.	What does the United Kingdom look like? Following on from children's work on their local area, this investigation focuses on the make-up of the United Kingdom, thinking about the countries that are united, capital cities and key human and physical features.	Why do we love The primary object young geographe the key physical an seaside as one o
Year 2	Why does it matter where our food comes from? This investigation enables pupils to explore several key geographical concepts such as location and distribution as well as establishing a clear grasp, in simple terms, of fundamental geographical processes including economic activity and trade	Why don't penguins need to fly? his enquiry introduces young geographers to the concept of biomes and natural regions which they will study in greater depth at a later stage.	How does Ke The aim of this inves range of learning a their lives and those country of k
Year 3	How can we live more sustainably? The main objective of this enquiry is for the pupils to understand. using several examples, what sustainability entails and how they might approach applying those principles to their own lives.	How can we live more sustainably? The main objective of this enquiry is for the pupils to understand. using several examples, what sustainability entails and how they might approach applying those principles to their own lives.	How and why i This enquiry enable that remote sensi make to understanc
Year 4	Why are jungles so wet and deserts so dry? This enquiry introduces pupils to the concept of climate in the context of the United Kingdom, enabling pupils to see how climate varies, even across a small country in terms of land area as the UK they are then introduced to climate zones across the world.	Why do some earthquakes cause more damage than others? This enquiry introduces pupils to some key aspects of physical geography, one of the major outcomes of tectonic activity in the world – earthquakes. Some work is also focused on volcanic activity.	Beyond the Magie This enquiry is de understanding of t features of a region begin to compare
Year 5	Who is Britain's National Parks for? The enquiry begins with pupils identifying the location and distribution of the 15 National Parks in the United Kingdom and understanding the rationale that underpins them.	Why are mountains so important? This enquiry introduces pupils to the physical and human importance of a biome that covers one-fifth of the world's land surface. The study of mountains enables pupils to comprehend key concepts of physical geography such as plate tectonics and the formation of different rock types.	Where in the This investigation f coasts around wo hum
Year 6	What are biomes and how do their conditions vary? This investigation focuses on the concept of biomes, what they are, what we would expect to live in different biomes and how weather conditions allow for this.	How is climate change affecting the world? This investigation focuses initially on the personal stories of real people around the world who are being impacted upon by changes in the usual weather patterns.	The enquiry establis over their course distinctive physica environment

Summer Term

ve being beside the seaside so much?

ctive of this enquiry is to enable pupils, as ners, to identify and begin to understand and human geographical features of the e example of the broader concept of 'coasts.'

Kenya compare with where I live?

estigation is to support children, through a activities, to make comparisons between se of people in a diverse community in the f Kenya in the continent of Africa.

y is my local environment changing?

les pupils to reflect upon the contribution nsing technology used by satellites can nding larger scale environmental change at a global level.

gic Kingdom: what is the Sunshine State really like?

designed to enable pupils to gain an of the physical and human geographical on in North America with which they can are the characteristics of a region of the United Kingdom.

e world are the oceans and coasts?

n focuses on identifying key oceans and vorld before looking at the physical and man geography of coasts.

What is a river?

lishes the key concept that rivers change se from source to mouth and develop cal features as they do so by altering the nt through erosion and deposition.